- Find the volume of an object that has a density of 3.14 g/mL and a mass of 71.5 g.
  - A) 22.8 mL
  - B)  $4.39 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mL}$
  - C) 225 mL
  - D)  $2.28 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mL}$
- 2) Which of the following involves no chemical change?
  - A) burning paper
  - B) boiling water
  - C) baking a cake
  - D) lighting a match
- 3) How many protons, electrons, and neutrons,

respectively, does <sup>127</sup>I have?

- A) 53, 127, 74
- B) 53, 53, 127
- C) 74, 53, 127
- D) 53, 53, 74
- 4) Perform the following conversion:

5.80 m/s = \_\_\_\_\_ mi/h

- A) 0.386 mi/h
- B) 13.0 mi/h
- C) 277. mi/h
- D) 216. mi/h
- 5) A d sublevel can hold a maximum of
  - A) 5 electrons
  - B) 10 electrons
  - C) 14 electrons
  - D) 32 electrons
- 6) Which electron configuration indicates a transitional element?
  - A)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^1 3p^6$
  - B)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^3$
  - C)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^5$
  - D)  $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^{10} 4p^2$
- When an electron in the ground state absorbs energy, it goes to a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ state.
  - A) excited
  - B) lower
  - C) frenetic
  - D) ionic
- 8). Thorium-234 undergoes beta particle production. What is the other product?
  - A)  $^{234}_{91}$ Pa
  - B)  $^{234}_{89}$ Ac
  - C)  $^{233}_{90}$ Th
  - D)  $^{233}_{91}$ Th

- 9) A particular radioactive element has a half-life of 8.53 days. What percent of the original sample is left after 15.0 days?
  - A) 54.4%
  - B) 14.8%
  - C) 59.1%
  - D) 29.6%
- 10) Rank the following from **smallest to largest** atomic radius.
  - A) O, Zn, Ca, Ba
  - B) O, Ca, Zn, Ba
  - C) Ba, Ca, Zn, O
  - D) O, Zn, Ba, Ca
- 11) The name of the  $ClO_2^-$  ion is
  - A) chlorite
  - B) chloride
  - C) hypochlorate
  - D) perchlorate
- 12) Which of the following compounds contains one or more covalent bonds?
  - A) NaCl
  - B) CaO
  - C) CO<sub>2</sub>
  - D) Cs<sub>2</sub>O
- 13) The correct name for FeO is
  - A) iron oxide
  - B) iron(II) oxide
  - C) iron monoxide
  - D) iron(I) oxide
- 14) The Lewis structure for which of the following contains the greatest number of lone pairs of electrons?
  - A) CH<sub>4</sub>
  - B) HF
  - C) F<sub>2</sub>
  - D) H<sub>2</sub>O
- 15) The boiling point of CH4 is much lower than that of HF. This is because:
  - A) of London forces in CH4
  - B) of Hydrogen bonding in HF
  - C) of Dipole-Dipole interactions in CH4
  - D) CH4 is polar
  - E) HF is heavier
- 16) Which of the following is the formula for aluminum oxide?
  - A) AlO
  - B) AlO<sub>2</sub>
  - C) AlO<sub>3</sub>
  - D)  $Al_3O_2$
  - E)  $Al_2O_3$

17) Choose the correct energy level diagram for the ground state of oxygen.



- 18) Which is an isotope of Iodine?
  - A) 53 protons, 53 electrons, 74 neutrons
  - B) 50 protons, 53 electrons, 77 neutrons
  - C) 53 protons, 53 electrons, 77 neutrons
  - D) 53 protons, 50 electrons, 127 neutrons
  - E) 50 protons, 50 electrons, 127 neutrons
- 19) 2.5 kilogram(s) contains this many grams:
  - A)  $2.5 \times 10^2$
  - $\dot{B}$  2.5 x 10<sup>3</sup>
  - C) 25
  - D) 0.25
  - E)  $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$
- 20) Express 9230000 in scientific notation
  - A) 923 x 10<sup>2</sup> B) 9.23 x 10<sup>6</sup> C) 9.23 x 10<sup>-6</sup> D) 92.3 x 10<sup>8</sup>

- 21) Which metric prefix is used to designate 100?
  - A) H
  - B) m
  - C) B
  - D) c
  - E) d
  - 22) Which of the following would be expected to be the strongest?
    - A) Ionic
    - B) Covalent
    - C) Network covalent
    - D) Hydrogen bonding
    - 23) Which of the following is an intramolecular force?
    - A) Ionic
    - B) Hydrogen bond
    - C) London Force
    - D) Polarity
    - 24) Which of the following is a polar molecule?
    - A) CO<sub>2</sub>
    - B) SiCl<sub>4</sub>
    - C) CaBr<sub>2</sub>
    - D) CH<sub>3</sub>OH
    - 25) Alpha particles are
    - A) electrons
    - B) protons
    - C) neutrons
    - D) helium nuclei
    - E) X rays
    - 26) Which of the following elements is an alkaline earth metal?
    - A) Ca
    - B) Cu
    - C) Fe
    - D) Na
- 27) Which of the following would hydrogen bond?
- A) CH<sub>2</sub>O
- B) CH<sub>4</sub>
- C) CH<sub>3</sub>OH
- D) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>Br