

## Specific Heat Worksheet #2

Name: \_





**Directions:** Calculate the following showing <u>ALL</u> work to receive credit. Formula  $\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{mc}\Delta \mathbf{T}$ , where  $\mathbf{Q}$  is heat in joules, **c** is specific heat capacity in J/g°C, **m** is the mass in grams, and **delta T** is the change in temperature in °C.

| Q | Work  | Answer with<br>Units! |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | How much heat is lost when a 640 g piece of copper cools from 375 °C, to 26 °C? (The specific heat of copper is 0.38452 J/g°C)  |                       |
| 2 | The specific heat of iron is 0.4494 J/g°C. How much heat is transferred when a 24.7 kg iron ingot is cooled from 880 °C to 13 °C  |                       |
| 3 | How many grams of water would require 2.20 x 10 <sup>4</sup> calories of heat to raise its temperature from 34.0 °C to 100.0 °C? (Remember the specific heat of water is 1.00 cal/g x °C) |                       |
| 4 | 8750 J of heat are applied to a piece of aluminum, causing a 56 °C<br>increase in its temperature. The specific heat of aluminum is 0.9025 J/g °C.<br>What is the mass of the aluminum?   |                       |
| 5 | Find the mass of a sample of water if its temperature dropped 24.8 °C when it lost 870 J of heat.   |                       |
| 6 | Find the specific heat of an unknown metal with an initial temperature of 16.0 °C, when 3500 Joules are applied to a 40.0g sample and the final temperature is 81.0 °C.                   |                       |

| Q  | Work  | Answer with<br>Units! |
|----|---|-----------------------|
| 7  | What must be the specific heat of a sample of an unknown material of 36.359g, when 59.912 J of heat are applied raising the temperature 152.0°C?  |                       |
| 8  | What would be the <u>final</u> temperature of a 73.174g sample of cobalt with<br>an initial temperature of 102.0 °C, after it loses 6800 J? (Note the specific<br>heat of cobalt is 0.4210 J/g°C) |                       |
| 9  | How much heat is gained when a 50.32 g piece of aluminum is heated from 9.0°C to 16°C?  |                       |
| 10 | How many degrees would the temperature of a 450 g ingot of iron<br>increase if 7600 J of energy are applied to it? (The specific heat of iron is<br>0.4494 J/g°C)                                 |                       |
| 11 | A 250 g sample of water with an initial temperature of 98.8 °C loses 7500 joules of heat. What is the <u>final</u> temperature of the water?  |                       |
| 12 | Copper has a specific heat of 0.38452 J/g°C. How much change in temperature would the addition of 3,500 Joules of heat have on a 538.0 gram sample of copper?                                     |                       |

| Substance      | Specific Heat (J/g °C) |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Air            | 1.05                   |
| Aluminum       | 0.899                  |
| Carbon dioxide | 0.841                  |
| Copper         | 0.385                  |
| Iron           | 0.448                  |
| Lead           | 0.129                  |
| Nickel         | 0.444                  |
| Tin            | 0.222                  |
| Water          | 4.184                  |
| Zinc           | 0.385                  |