## Class copy!

# Do not write on this. Turn it in before you leave!

Do all your work on binder paper and turn the binder paper in before you leave!

## **Mole Conversions Worksheet #1**

<u>Directions:</u> Perform each conversion. Show all work, show crossing units out, make sure answer has units.

Answers are in parenthesis. Make sure to check your work as you go!!! We will use this worksheet throughout the entire unit. You are not expected to complete it all in one sitting!

## 1) Mole → Mass

Using molar mass of each substance, convert the following quantities.

a. 10.0 mol Cr	(520 g)	f. 0.160 mol H <sub>2</sub> O	(2.88 g)
b. 3.32 mol K	(130 g)	g. 5.08 mol Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	(834 g)
c. $2.20 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol Sn}$	(0.261  g)	h. 15.0 mol H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	(1470 g)
d. 0.720 mol Be	(6.48 g)	i. 4.52 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> mol C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	$(1.27 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g})$
e. 2.40 mol N <sub>2</sub>	(67.2 g)	j. 0.0112 mol K2CO3	(1.55 g)

#### 2) Mass $\rightarrow$ Mole

*Using molar mass of each substance convert the following quantities.* 

a. 72.0 g Ar	(1.80 mol)	f. 27.4 g NO <sub>2</sub>	(0.596 mol)
b. $3.70 \times 10^{-1} \text{ g B}$	$(3.43 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mol})$	g. 5.00 g H <sub>2</sub>	(2.50  mol)
c. 187 g Al	(6.93 mol)	h. $2.64 \times 10^{-4} \text{ g Li}_3\text{PO}_4$	$(2.28 \times 10^{-6}  \text{mol})$
d. 333 g SnF2	(2.13 mol)	i. 11.0 g CH4	(0.688  mol)
e. $7.21 \times 10^{-2} \text{ g He}$	$(1.80 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mol})$	j. 847 g (NH4)2CO3	(8.82 mol)

## 3) What is the volume of the following gases?

Using molar volume, convert the following quantities.

```
a. 5.40 mol O<sub>2</sub> (121 L)
b. 3.20 x 10<sup>-2</sup> mol CO<sub>2</sub> (0.717 L)
c. 0.960 mol SO<sub>3</sub> (21.5 L)
```

### 4) How many moles are in each of the following volumes?

Using molar volume, convert the following quantities.

a. 89.6 L Ne	(4.00  mol)
b. $1.00 \times 10^3 L C_2H_6$	(44.6 mol)
c. $5.42 \times 10^{-1} \mathrm{Fz}$	$(2.42 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mol})$

#### 5) Find the number of moles in each of the number of representative particles.

Using Avogadro's Number, convert the following quantities.

_	_			0 1
a	. 1.20 x	10 <sup>25</sup> atoms of P	(1	19.9 mol)
b	. 3.87 x	10 <sup>21</sup> molecules of AlF <sub>3</sub>	(6	5.43 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> mol)
c	4.81 x	10 <sup>14</sup> molecules of NH <sub>3</sub>	(7	7.99 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> mol)

### 6) How many representative particles are in each of the following mole quantities?

Using Avogadro's Number, convert the following quantities.

a. 1.24 mol Cl <sub>2</sub>	$(7.46 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules})$
b. 4.20 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> mol K <sub>2</sub> S	$(2.53 \times 10^{21} \text{ molecules})$
c. 34.02 mol Ca(OH)2	$(2.048 \times 10^{25} \text{ molecules})$

## 7) Convert the following two-step quantities, converting first to moles and then to the desired quantity.

the same real of the step deministrates, control times in the	or to 1110100 will tilles to till
a. Find the number of molecules in 60.0 g of N2O.	$(8.21 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules})$
b. Find the volume of $3.24 \times 10^{22}$ molecules of Ne	(1.21 L)
c. Find the mass of 18.0 L of CH <sub>4</sub>	(12.9 g)
d. Find the volume of 835 g of SO <sub>3</sub>	(234 L)
e. Find the mass of one atom of nickel.	$(1 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g})$