ie:		Da	te:		Period:	Seat #:
Consider the w	eak acid, HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂	$K_a = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$				
a. Write the	acid dissociation eq	quation for acetic	acid			
b. What is th	e conjugate base of	facetic acid?				
	a proton (donor/acceptor).					
	s equilibrium equati):			
C_2 I	$H_3O_2^- + H_2O_2^-$	→				
e. Write the	K _c expressions for	the following rea	ction	s:		
The equation	on in "a", the K _a	n "a", the K _a The equation in "d", the K _b			K_{w}	
C WI	1 1 .	4 4		. 0		
f. What is th	e relationship amoi	ng these three exp	oress	ions?		
g. Calculate	the value of the K _b	for the acetate io	n.			
S. Curculate		Tor the decime re				
h. A 0.10 <u>M</u>	solution of sodium	acetate would ha	ve a	рН	(>7, 7, <	<7).
			4.			
i. Calculate	the $[OH^-]$ for a 0.10	0 M solution of s	odiui	m acetate. [7.5	5 x 10 ⁻⁶ M	
	$C_2H_3O_2^-$	$H_2O(l)$	≒	HC ₂ H ₃ O ₂	2	OH-
T., !4! - 1						
Initial						
Change						
Change						
Change Equilibrium	ne pOH of the soluti	on? V	Vhat	is the pH of tl	ne solution?	
Change Equilibrium	ne pOH of the soluti	on? V	Vhat	is the pH of th	ne solution?	
Change Equilibrium j. What is th	the pOH of the solution of the solution of the solution of the solution of the point $A = 3.5$					

3. Calculate the pH of a 0.35 M solution of potassium cyanide. K_a for HCN = 4.0 x10⁻¹⁰. [pH = 11.47]