

Name:

Date:

Period:

Seat #:

**Effusion**

$$\frac{\text{Rate of Effusion of Gas 1}}{\text{Rate of Effusion of Gas 2}} = \frac{\sqrt{M_2}}{\sqrt{M_1}}; M = \text{Molar mass}$$

**Diffusion**

$$\frac{\text{Distance traveled of Gas 1}}{\text{Distance traveled of Gas 2}} = \frac{\sqrt{M_2}}{\sqrt{M_1}}; M = \text{Molar mass}$$

Must show work for each problem:

Under the same conditions of temperature and pressure, how many times faster will hydrogen effuse compared to carbon dioxide? (4.69 times faster)

If the carbon dioxide in Problem 1 takes 32 sec to effuse, how long will the hydrogen take? (6.8 sec)

What is the relative rate of diffusion of NH<sub>3</sub> compared to He? Does NH<sub>3</sub> effuse faster or slower than He? (0.485 times)

If the He in Problem 3 takes 20 sec to effuse, how long will the NH<sub>3</sub> take? (40 sec)

An unknown gas diffuses 0.25 times as fast as He. What is the molecular mass of the unknown gas? (64 g/mol)

Find the molar mass of a gas that diffuses about 4.45 times faster than argon gas. (2.01 g/mol)