

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Period: \_\_\_\_\_

Seat#: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Show all work for ANY math problem. Include ALL units. Some answers provided at the end of the question. The answers are underlined.

- 1) 95.6 g of menthol (molar mass = 156 g/mol) are burned in oxygen gas to give 269 g CO<sub>2</sub> and 110 g H<sub>2</sub>O. What is menthol's empirical formula if it contains only C, H and O? Empirical formula of C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O

- 2) 0.487 grams of quinine (molar mass = 324 g/mol) is combusted and found to produce 1.321 g CO<sub>2</sub>, 0.325 g H<sub>2</sub>O and 0.0421 g nitrogen. Determine the empirical and molecular formulas. Empirical formula is C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>12</sub>NO, molecular formula is C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

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**Chemical Compositions – Combustion Analysis**

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- 3) A 1.50 g sample of hydrocarbon undergoes complete combustion to produce 4.40 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 2.70 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is the empirical formula of this compound? In addition, its molecular weight has been determined to be about 78. What is the molecular formula?  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{15}$

- 4) A 0.250 g sample of hydrocarbon undergoes complete combustion to produce 0.845 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 0.173 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is the empirical formula of this compound?  $\text{CH}$

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- 5) A 0.2500 g sample of a compound known to contain carbon, hydrogen and oxygen undergoes complete combustion to produce 0.3664 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 0.1500 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is the empirical formula of this compound?  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$
- 6) Caffeine, a stimulant found in coffee, tea, and certain soft drinks, contains C, H, O, and N. Combustion of 1.000 mg of caffeine produces 1.813 mg  $\text{CO}_2$ , 0.4639 mg  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , and 0.2885 mg  $\text{N}_2$ . What is the empirical formula for caffeine? Estimate the molar mass of caffeine, which lies between 150 and 200 g/mol. Show work to justify your estimation.  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_5\text{N}_2\text{O}$