#### Whiteboard:

Make one column for each team, put 10 Xs in each column.

#### Three baskets:

closest = 1pt, middle = 2pts, far = 3pts Weight down with beanbags

#### **Tables:**

Big whiteboards, markers, erasers

#### Random # generator:

Picking groups when a team gets it wrong.

### GRUDGE BALL RULES

#### Each team gets 10Xs

Teams will take a turn answering a review question.

Correct answers get you 2Xs to take from any team (splitting is ok) and a shot at the hoop.

#### **Successful shot from the:**

1 point line = +1x (3 total)

2 point line = +2X (4 total)

3 point line = +3X (5 total)

### GRUDGE BALL RULES

Most Xs at the end of game wins.

If your team has no Xs left, can gain back Xs by answering the question correctly.

If team gets incorrect answer, random choice gets to steal the Q, so BE READY!

# Grudge Ball! XXXXXXXXXXX

Spring Final Exam Review
Semester 1 + Chapter 8

# #1 - How many atoms are in one molecule of $Mg_3(PO_4)_2$ ?

Thirteen (13)

#2 - What particle did Thompson discover and name his experiment that proved it.

Electron >
Cathode Ray Tube Experiment

#3 - What is the empirical formula for the following molecule:  $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ ?

$$C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$$

# #4 - This is the electron configuration for what element?

 $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^6$ 

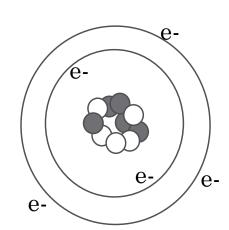
Iron (Fe)

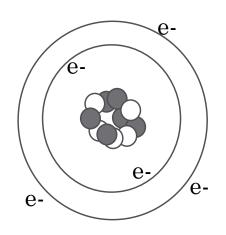
# #5 - This is the electron configuration for what ion?

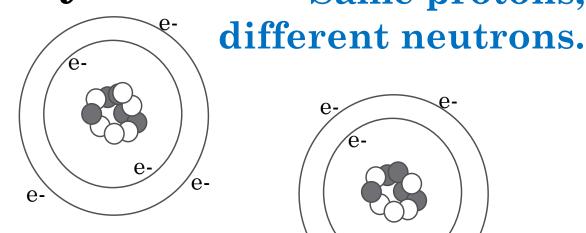
 $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 3d^6$ 

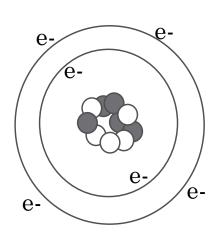
Iron (II), (
$$Fe^{2+}$$
)

#### #6 - Do any of the following atoms represent isotopes of Atom A? If so, which one(s) and why? Same protons,









#### Atom A

5 protons 5 neutrons 5 electrons

#### Atom B

6 protons 5 neutrons 5 electrons

#### Atom C

5 protons 6 neutrons 5 electrons

#### Atom D

5 protons 5 neutrons 6 electrons B

# #7 - What is the percent composition of CH<sub>4</sub>?

C: 74.9%

H: 25.1%

#8 - Give the name and write out the noble gas notation for the element below.

 $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^{10} 4p^6 5s^2$ 

[Kr] 5s<sup>2</sup> (Strontium)

#9 - Adipic acid contains 49.32% C, 43.84% O, and 6.85% H by mass. What is the empirical formula of adipic acid?

$$C_3H_5O_2$$

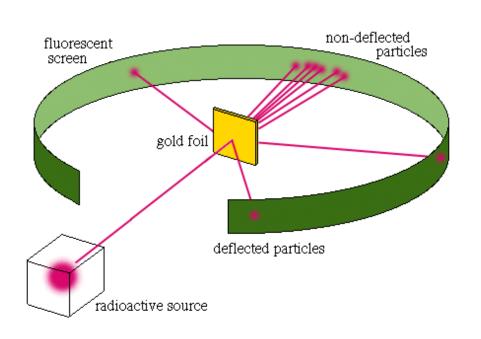
# #10 - Name the FOUR states of matter (not phases!)

Solid, liquid, gas, and plasma

### #11 - Name the SIX phase changes Bonus X: give an example of each.

Melting – Solid to Liquid Freezing – Liquid to Solid Condensing – Gas to Liquid Sublimation – Solid to Gas Deposition – Gas to Solid Vaporizing – Liquid to gas

### #12 - Draw a diagram for Rutherford's Experiment and Explain what it proved about the atomic model.



- Nucleus is small, dense, +
- Atom mostly empty space

Orbitals of the same energy must have one electron in each before any can have two (siblings want their own rooms before they have to share!) #14 - Name an element with similar properties to Magnesium.

Beryllium, Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Radium (any alkaline earth metal)

#15 - How do you calculate mass number?

Protons + neutrons = mass number

### #16 - How many valance Electrons do the alkali metal elements have?

One

#17 – Draw the energy level diagram for carbon and say how many unpaired electrons it has.

# #18 - Compare and Contrast a chemical and physical change and give an example of each.

Physical change is same substance before and after (boiling water), but a chemical change involves the making and breaking of chemical bonds (combustion, rusting, etc) #19 - If you have 29.5 moles of sodium and 27.0 moles of chlorine gas, how many moles of sodium chloride can you produce?

Beware of diatomic molecules!

 $2Na + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2NaCl$ 

Limiting reagent problem!

Can make 29.5 moles NaCl

### #20 - Classify all of the following Substances as Pure (element or compound) or a mixture (homogenous or heterogeneous).

- 1. Calcium
- 2. Cookies and Cream Ice cream
- 3. Carbon Dioxide
- 4. Tap Water

- 5. Neon
- 6. Kool aid
- 7. H<sub>2</sub>o
- 8. Salad dressing

Pure Substance
Element Pure Comp

Calcium H<sub>2</sub>O

Neon Carbon

dioxide

<u>Mixture</u>

Homog.

Kool aid

Tap

water

Heterog.

Salad

dressing

Cookies

and cream

ice cream

#21 - What is an alpha particle? Provide the symbol, mass, charge, and an example of an element undergoing an alpha decay.

<sup>4</sup><sub>2</sub> He

Mass: 4 amu

Charge: 2+

Example:  $^{238}_{92}U \rightarrow ^{4}_{2}He + ^{234}_{90}Th$ 

## #22 - How many orbitals in the s,p,d,f shapes?

1, 3, 5, 7

#23 - How many valence electrons do the halogens have and what is the charge of their ions?

7, 1-

### #24 - What radioactive emission changes a proton into a neutron?

**Positron** 

#25 - The half-life of thorium-227 is 18.72 days How many days are required for three-fourths of a gi en mo at i de

### #26 - What radioactive emission changes a neutron into a proton?

### **Beta Emission**

# #27 - How many protons and neutrons are in the nuclei of Tl-204 atoms?

81 protons and 123 neutrons

No two electrons can have the same set of quantum numbers – they can't occupy the "same address"

## #29 - How many unpaired electrons are in gold?

One

#30 - Magnesium chloride reacts with sodium hydroxide. Predict the products, identify what type of reaction is taking place, and balance the reaction.

Double displacement

$$MgCl_2 + 2NaOH \rightarrow 2NaCl + Mg(OH)_2$$

#31 - Neutron initiated fission of U-235 results in the release of 4 beta particles, the formation of Sr-90 and the release of another nucleus. What is the other nucleus?

Cerium - 146

#32 - What is the highest energy level in the electron config below.

 $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^2 3d^{10} 4p^6$ 

Fourth energy level

#33 - 2.5 grams of MgCl<sub>2</sub> is used in the following reaction. How many grams of sodium chloride can you make?

 $MgCl_2 + 2NaOH \rightarrow 2NaCl + Mg(OH)_2$ 

3.07g NaCl

#### #34 - What is nuclear fission?

A large, unstable nucleus breaking apart into smaller more stable nuclei. Usually initiated by a neutron and results in three additional neutrons being released, sometimes the result

is a chain reaction.

#35 - A substance is known to have a density of 1.39g/ml. If you have 10g of this substance, what volume in L would you have?

 $7.2 \times 10^{-3} L$ 

#36 - Which element might form a ion by losing electrons from the s and d orbitals F, S, Li, Ti

Ti

## #37 - How many decigrams are in 437 kilograms? Write answer in scientific notation!

 $4.37x10^6 dg$ 

#38 - How many significant figures are in the following values?

612 kg 0.00067 ml 309.4 g

> 612 kg - 3 s.f. 0.00067 ml 2 s.f. 309.4 g 4 s.f.

B E

Measure of the distance from the center nucleus to the outer electron. Smaller left to right larger top to bottom nuclear charge and outer energy levels.

### #40 - Order these elements from smallest to largest?

Se, S, Cl Na

Cl, S, Se, Na

## #41 - Of the elements in the alkaline earth metals which has the highest electronegativity

Beryllium

More energy levels, so electron is further from the nucleus, which means the nucleus isn't able to attract as well.

### #43 - Describe the trend for reactivity of halogens.

#### Reactivity increases as you move UP the periodic table.

#44 - What is the sum of the charges from the following atoms when they form ions? Calcium, nitrogen, and strontium

1

$$2+(-3)+2=1$$

## **#45** - What is the molar mass for the hydrocarbon $C_{24}H_{37}O_6$

421.61 g/mol

#46 - Which molecule has covalent bonding and does not require a double or triple bond?  $CO_2$ , CO,  $N_2$ ,  $CF_4$ 

 $\mathbf{CF}_4$ 

#### #47 - What is the formula for copper (IV) sulfate?

$$Cu(SO_4)_2$$

#### #48 - What is the name of the compound SrO?

#### Strontium oxide

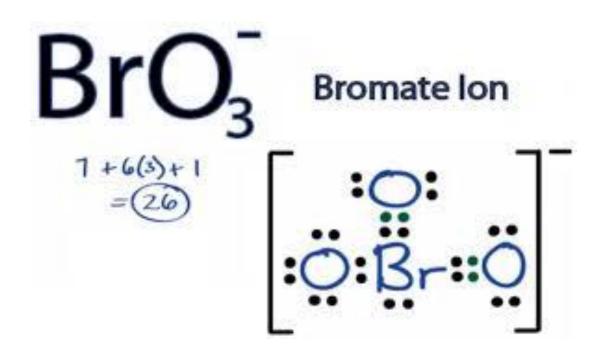
## #49 - What type of bond forms between two non metals share electrons?

#### Covalent bond

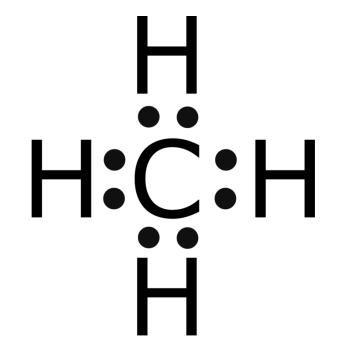
#50 - What happens to the electrons during a metallic bond?

Sea of electrons, Delocalized electrons, Free flowing electrons etc.

### #51 - Draw the Lewis dot structure for $BrO_3^-$



### #52 - Draw the Lewis dot structure for $CH_4$



# #53 - What pathway must you take in order to convert grams of substance A to moles of substance B?

#### Grams $\rightarrow$ moles A $\rightarrow$ moles B

Molar Mass of A

Mole Ratio

#54 - What kind of reaction is taking place below?  $Zn + CuCl_2 \rightarrow ZnCl_2 + Cu$ 

Single replacement

#55 - Sodium chloride comes apart. Name the type of reaction, predict the products, and balance the reaction.

$$2NaCl \rightarrow 2Na + Cl_2$$

Decomposition

#56 - What kind of reaction is taking place below?  $Br_2 + FeF_2 \rightarrow FeBr_2 + F_2$ 

Single replacement