Spring Final Exam Practice Test #4

1. Which phase change results in the release of energy?

- (1) $H_0O(s) \rightarrow H_0O(\ell)$
- (2) H₂O(s) → H₂O(g)
- (3) H₂O(ℓ) → H₂O(g)
- (4) H₀O(g) → H₀O(ℓ)

The strength of an atom's attraction for the electrons in a chemical bond is the atom's

- (1) electronegativity
- (3) heat of reaction
- (2) ionization energy
- (4) heat of formation

3. Given the equation:

This equation represents the formation of a

- (1) fluoride ion, which is smaller in radius than a fluorine atom
- (2) fluoride ion, which is larger in radius than a fluorine atom
- (3) fluorine atom, which is smaller in radius than a fluoride ion
- (4) fluorine atom, which is larger is radius than a fluoride ion

The empirical formula of a compound is CH₂. Which molecular formula is correctly paired with a structural formula for this compound?

(4)
$$C_3H_8$$
 $H-C=C-C-H$ H H H

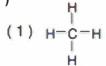
5. Which event must always occur for a chemical reaction to take place?

- formation of a precipitate
- (2) formation of a gas
- (3) effective collisions between reacting particles
- (4) addition of a catalyst to the reaction system

An increase in the average kinetic energy of a sample of copper atoms occurs with an increase in

- (1) concentration
- (3) pressure
- (2) temperature
- (4) volume

7. Which compound has an isomer? (SKIP)





8. What occurs when NaCl(s) is added to water?

(SKIP)(1) The boiling point of the solution increases, and the freezing point of the solution decreases.

- (2) The boiling point of the solution increases, and the freezing point of the solution increases.
- (3) The boiling point of the solution decreases, and the freezing point of the solution decreases.
- (4) The boiling point of the solution decreases, and the freezing point of the solution increases.

9. Which of these 1 M solutions will have the highest pH?

- (1) NaOH
- (3) HCl
- (2) CH₂OH
- (4) NaCl

10. In saturated hydrocarbons, carbon atoms are (SKIP) bonded to each other by

- (1) single covalent bonds, only
- (2) double covalent bonds, only
- (3) alternating single and double covalent bonds
- (4) alternating double and triple covalent bonds

11. In which list are the elements arranged in order of increasing atomic mass?

- (1) Cl. K. Ar
- (3) Te, I, Xe
- (2) Fe, Co, Ni (4) Ne, F, Na

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- (1) = A
- (2) = B
- (3) = C
- (4) = D

12. Given the following solutions:

Solution A: pH of 10 Solution B: pH of 7 Solution C: pH of 5

Which list has the solutions placed in order of increasing H⁺ concentration?

- (1) A, B, C
- (3) C, A, B
- (2) B, A, C
- (4) C, B, A
- 13. Which statement explains why nuclear waste materials may pose a problem?
 - They frequently have short half-lives and remain radioactive for brief periods of time.
 - (2) They frequently have short half-lives and remain radioactive for extended periods of time.
 - (3) They frequently have long half-lives and remain radioactive for brief periods of time.
 - (4) They frequently have long half-lives and remain radioactive for extended periods of time.
- 14. What is the molarity of a solution of NaOH if 2 liters of the solution contains 4 moles of NaOH?
 - (1) 0.5 M
- (3) 8 M

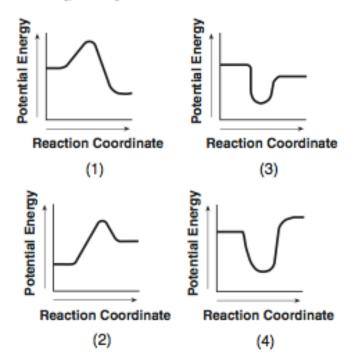
(2) 2 M

(4) 80 M

15. Given the reaction:

$$S(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow SO_2(g) + energy$$

Which diagram best represents the potential energy changes for this reaction?



16. Which phase change represents a decrease in (SKIP) entropy?

- (1) solid to liquid
- (3) liquid to gas
- (2) gas to liquid
- (4) solid to gas
- 17. A chemist performs the same tests on two homogeneous white crystalline solids, A and B. The results are shown in the table below.

	Solid A	Solid B
Melting Point	High, 801°C	Low, decomposes at 186°C
Solubility in H ₂ O (grams per 100.0 g H ₂ O at 0°C)	35.7	3.2
Electrical Conductivity (in aqueous solution)	Good conductor	Nonconductor

The results of these tests suggest that

- (1) both solids contain only ionic bonds
- (2) both solids contain only covalent bonds
- (3) solid A contains only covalent bonds and solid B contains only ionic bonds
- (4) solid A contains only ionic bonds and solid B contains only covalent bonds

18. Given the equation:

(SKIP)
$$C(s) + H_2O(g) \rightarrow CO(g) + H_0(g)$$

Which species undergoes reduction?

(1) C(s)

(3) C2+

(2) H+

- (4) H₂(g)
- 19. In which compound does chlorine have the (SKIP)highest oxidation number?
 - (1) NaClO
- (3) NaClO₃
- (2) NaClO₂
- (4) NaClO₄
- When a neutral atom undergoes oxidation, the (SKIP) atom's oxidation state
 - decreases as it gains electrons
 - decreases as it loses electrons
 - (3) increases as it gains electrons
 - (4) increases as it loses electrons
- 21. Which type of organic compound is represented (SKIP) by the structural formula shown below?

- (1) aldehyde
- (3) ether
- (2) alcohol
- (4) ester

22. Given the system at equilibrium:

$$N_2O_4(g) + 58.1 \text{ kJ} \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{ NO}_2(g)$$

What will be the result of an increase in temperature at constant pressure?

- The equilibrium will shift to the left, and the concentration of NO₂(g) will decrease.
- (2) The equilibrium will shift to the left, and the concentration of NO₂(g) will increase.
- (3) The equilibrium will shift to the right, and the concentration of NO_o(g) will decrease.
- (4) The equilibrium will shift to the right, and the concentration of NO₂(g) will increase.
- Solubility data for four different salts in water at 60°C are shown in the table below.

Salt	Solubility in Water at 60°C
A	10 grams / 50 grams H ₂ O
В	20 grams / 60 grams H ₂ O
С	30 grams / 120 grams H ₂ O
D	40 grams/ 80 grams H ₂ O

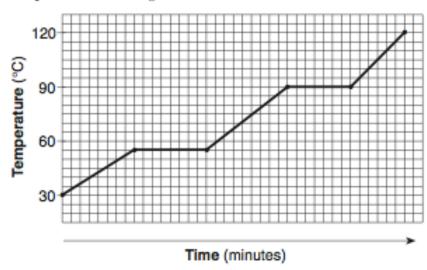
Which salt is most soluble at 60°C?

(1) A

(3) C

(2) B

- (4) D
- 24. The graph below represents the heating curve of a substance that starts as a solid below its freezing point.



What is the melting point of this substance?

- 30°C
- (2) 55°C

- (3) 90°C
- (4) 120°C

- 25. A student neutralized 16.4 milliliters of HCl by adding 12.7 milliliters of 0.620 M KOH. What was the molarity of the HCl acid?
 - (1) 0.168 M
- (3) 0.620 M
- (2) 0.480 M
- (4) 0.801 M
- 26. Given the reaction:

$$2 \text{ Al}(s) + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3(s) \xrightarrow{\text{heat}} \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3(s) + 2 \text{ Fe}(s)$$

Which species undergoes reduction?

(1) Al

(3) Al3+

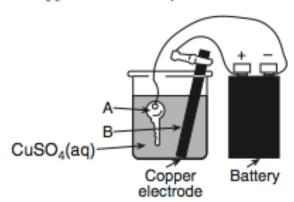
(2) Fe

- (4) Fe³⁺
- 27. Which of these pH numbers indicates the highest level of acidity?
 - (1) 5

(3) 10

(2) 8

- (4) 12
- According to the Arrhenius theory, when a base dissolves in water it produces
 - CO₃² as the only negative ion in solution
 - (2) OH- as the only negative ion in solution
 - (3) NH₄⁺ as the only positive ion in solution
 - (4) H+ as the only positive ion in solution
- 29. The diagram below shows a key being plated (SKIP) with copper in an electrolytic cell.



Given the reduction reaction for this cell:

$$Cu^{2+}(aq) + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu(s)$$

This reduction occurs at

- (1) A, which is the anode
- (2) A, which is the cathode
- (3) B, which is the anode
- (4) B, which is the cathode

- 30. Which molecule is nonpolar?
 - (1) H₂O

(3) CO

(2) NH₃

- (4) CO₂
- 31. Given the reaction at equilibrium:

$$H_2(g) + Br_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 HBr(g)$$

The rate of the forward reaction is

- greater than the rate of the reverse reaction
- (2) less than the rate of the reverse reaction
- (3) equal to the rate of the reverse reaction
- (4) independent of the rate of the reverse reaction
- All organic compounds must contain the ele-(SKIP) ment
 - (1) phosphorus
- (3) carbon
- (2) oxygen
- (4) nitrogen
- 33. Which of the following compounds has the highest boiling point?
 - H₂O
- (3) H₂Se

(2) H₂S

- (4) H₂Te
- The functional group —COOH is found in
- (SKIP)(1) esters
- (3) alcohols
- (2) aldehydes
- (4) organic acids
- 35. Which equation represents a spontaneous nuclear decay?
 - C + O₂ → CO₂
 - (2) $H_2CO_3 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$
 - (3) ${}_{13}^{27}\text{Al} + {}_{2}^{4}\text{He} \rightarrow {}_{15}^{30}\text{P} + {}_{0}^{1}\text{n}$
 - $(4) {}^{90}_{38}Sr \rightarrow {}^{0}_{-1}e + {}^{90}_{39}Y$
- 36. The volume of a gas is 4.00 liters at 293 K and constant pressure. For the volume of the gas to become 3.00 liters, the Kelvin temperature must be equal to
 - (1) $\frac{3.00 \times 293}{4.00}$
- (3) $\frac{3.00 \times 4.00}{293}$
- (2) $\frac{4.00 \times 290}{3.00}$
- (4) $\frac{293}{3.00 \times 4.00}$

37. Given the particle diagram:





At 101.3 kPa and 298 K, which element could this diagram represent?

(1) Rn

(3) Ag

(2) Xe

(4) Kr

The compound HNO₃ can be described as an

- Arrhenius acid and an electrolyte
- (2) Arrhenius acid and a nonelectrolyte
- (3) Arrhenius base and an electrolyte
- (4) Arrhenius base and a nonelectrolyte

39. Given the reaction:

In this reaction, ammonia molecules (NH₃) act as a base because they

- accept hydrogen ions (H⁺)
- (2) accept hydroxide ions (OH-)
- (3) donate hydrogen ions (H+)
- (4) donate hydroxide ions (OH⁻)

40. Which change takes place in a nuclear fusion reaction?

- (1) Matter is converted to energy.
- (2) Energy is converted to matter.
- (3) Ionic bonds are converted to covalent bonds.
- (4) Covalent bonds are converted to ionic bonds.

41. Which statement best describes gamma radiation?

- It has a mass of 1 and a charge of 1.
- (2) It has a mass of 0 and a charge of -1.
- (3) It has a mass of 0 and a charge of 0.
- (4) It has a mass of 4 and a charge of +2.

42. Which physical changes are endothermic?

- melting and freezing
- (2) melting and evaporating
- (3) condensation and sublimation
- (4) condensation and deposition

- 43. What is the chemical formula for copper(II) hydroxide?
 - (1) CuOH
- (3) Cu₂(OH)
- (2) CuOH₂
- (4) Cu(OH)₂

At STP, 4 liters of O₂ contains the same total number of molecules as

- 1 L of NH₃
- (3) 8 L of He
- (2) 2 L of Cl₂
- (4) 4 L of CO₂
- 45. What is the total number of electron pairs that are shared between the two carbon atoms in a molecule of ethyne?
 - (1) 1

(3) 3

(2) 2

(4) 4

- (1) NO2 and N2O4
- (2) P₂O₅ and P₄O₁₀
- (3) HCOOH and CH₃COOH
- (4) CH₃OCH₃ and C₂H₅OH
- 47. Which organic compound is unsaturated?
- (SKIP) (1) 2-methylbutane
- (3) 2-hexanol
- (2) 2-chloropropane
- (4) 2-pentene
- 48. Which change in oxidation number indicates (SKIP) oxidation?
 - (1) -1 to +2
- (3) +2 to -3
- (2) −1 to −2
- (4) +3 to +2
- 49. Which reaction is an example of natural transmutation?

(1)
$$^{239}_{94}Pu \rightarrow ^{235}_{99}U + ^{4}_{9}He$$

(2)
$${}_{13}^{27}\text{Al} + {}_{2}^{4}\text{He} \rightarrow {}_{15}^{30}\text{P} + {}_{0}^{1}\text{n}$$

(3)
$$^{238}_{92}U + ^{1}_{0}n \rightarrow ^{239}_{94}Pu + 2^{0}_{-1}e$$

$$(4)$$
 $^{239}_{04}Pu + ^{1}_{0}n \rightarrow ^{147}_{86}Ba + ^{90}_{36}Sr + 3^{1}_{0}n$

50. Given the redox reaction:

(SKIP)
$$Cr^{3+} + Al \rightarrow Cr + Al^{3+}$$

As the reaction takes place, there is a transfer of

- electrons from Al to Cr³⁺
- (2) electrons from Cr3+ to Al
- (3) protons from Al to Cr3+
- (4) protons from Cr³⁺ to Al

- Which statement describes a chemical property that can be used to distinguish between compound A and compound B?
 - A is a blue solid, and B is a white solid.
 - (2) A has a high melting point, and B has a low melting point.
 - (3) A dissolves in water, and B does not dissolve
 - (4) A does not burn in air, and B does burn in air.
- 52. Given the nuclear equation:

$$^{19}_{10}\text{Ne} \rightarrow X + ^{19}_{9}\text{F}$$

Which particle is represented by X?

- alpha
- (3) neutron

(2) beta

- (4) positron
- Which of these changes produces the greatest (SKIP) increase in entropy?
 - CaCO₃(s) → CaO(s) + CO₉(g)
 - (2) $2 \text{ Mg(s)} + O_o(g) \rightarrow 2 \text{ MgO(s)}$
 - (3) H₂O(g) → H₂O(ℓ)
 - (4) CO₀(g) → CO₀(s)
 - 54. For most atoms with an atomic number less than 20, nuclear stability occurs when the ratio of neutrons to protons is 1:1. Which of the following atoms would be most likely to have an unstable nucleus?
 - (1) He

 $(3)_{7}^{16}N$

- (2) 12C
- (4) 24 Mg
- 55. Given the reaction:

$$Ba(OH)_2(aq) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow$$

 $BaSO_4(s) + 2 H_2O(\ell) + energy$

As the barium hydroxide solution is added to the solution of sulfuric acid, the electrical conductivity of the acid solution decreases because the

- volume of the reaction mixture increases
- (2) temperature of the reaction mixture decreases
- concentration of ions increases
- (4) concentration of ions decreases

- 56. As the elements in Group 7A on the Periodic Table are considered from top to bottom, what happens to the atomic radius and the metallic character of each successive element?
 - The atomic radius and the metallic character both increase.
 - (2) The atomic radius increases and the metallic character decreases.
 - (3) The atomic radius decreases and the metallic character increases.
 - (4) The atomic radius and the metallic character both decrease.
- A sample of helium gas has a volume of 900. milliliters and a pressure of 2.50 atm at 298 K. What is the new pressure when the temperature is changed to 336 K and the volume is decreased to 450, milliliters?
 - (1) 0.177 atm
- (3) 5.64 atm
- (2) 4.43 atm
- (4) 14.1 atm
- Which chemical equation represents the reaction of an Arrhenius acid and an Arrhenius base?
 - HC₉H₂O₉(aq) + NaOH(aq) → $NaC_9H_3O_9(aq) + H_9O(\ell)$
 - (2) $C_3H_8(g) + 5 O_g(g) \rightarrow 3 CO_g(g) + 4 H_gO(\ell)$
 - (3) $Zn(s) + 2 HCl(aq) \rightarrow ZnCl_0(aq) + H_0(g)$
 - (4) BaCl₀(aq) + Na₀SO₄(aq) → $BaSO_4(s) + 2 NaCl(aq)$
- Which half-reaction can occur at the anode in a (SKIP) voltaic cell?

 - (1) $Ni^{2+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Ni$ (3) $Zn \rightarrow Zn^{2+} + 2e^{-}$ (2) $Sn + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Sn^{2+}$ (4) $Fe^{3+} \rightarrow Fe^{2+} + e^{-}$
- Which compound contains both ionic and covalent bonds?
 - CaCO₃
- (3) MgF₂
- (2) PCl₃
- (4) CH₂O
- 61. Which formula represents a nonpolar molecule?
 - HCl
- (3) NH₂
- (2) H_oO
- (4) CF₄

62.	Which two nuclides are isotopes of the same element?	69. (SKIP)	Given the balanced equation: $I_2(s) + energy \to I_2(g)$
	(1) 20 Na and 20 Ne (3) 39 K and 42 K (2) 39 K and 40 Ca (4) 14 C and 14 N		As a sample of $I_2(s)$ sublimes to $I_2(g)$, the entropy of the sample
63.	An atom of oxygen is in an excited state. When an electron in this atom moves from the third shell to the second shell, energy is (1) emitted by the nucleus (2) emitted by the electron (3) absorbed by the nucleus (4) absorbed by the electron		(1) increases because the particles are less randomly arranged (2) increases because the particles are more randomly arranged (3) decreases because the particles are less randomly arranged (4) decreases because the particles are more randomly arranged
64.	Which trends are observed when the elements in Period 3 on the Periodic Table are considered in order of increasing atomic number?		The multiple covalent bond in a molecule of 1-butene is a (1) double covalent bond that has 6 shared
	 The atomic radius decreases, and the first ionization energy generally increases. 		electrons (9) double covalent bond that has 4 shared

(2) The atomic radius decreases, and the first

(3) The atomic radius increases, and the first

(4) The atomic radius increases, and the first

ionization energy generally decreases.

ionization energy generally increases.

ionization energy generally decreases.

65. Which chemical equation is correctly balanced?

66. Which type of bond is found in sodium bromide?

In a chemical reaction, the difference between

the potential energy of the products and the

potential energy of the reactants is defined as the

(3) ionie

(3) KOH

(4) CH₃OH

(4) metallic

(1) $H_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow H_2O(g)$

(2) N₂(g) + H₂(g) → NH₃(g) (3) 2NaCl(s) → Na(s) + Cl₂(g)

(4) 2KCl(s) → 2K(s) + Cl₂(g)

covalent

(2) hydrogen

activation energy (2) ionization energy

(3) heat of reaction

KCl

(2) CH₃Cl

(4) heat of vaporization

68. Which substance is an Arrhenius base?

(2) double covalent bond that has 4 shared

(3) triple covalent bond that has 6 shared

(4) triple covalent bond that has 4 shared

(3) loss of electrons

(4) gain of electrons

(3) 0.10 M NaOH

(4) 1.0 M NaOH

(3) an H* donor

(4) an H^{*} acceptor

In an oxidation-reduction reaction, reduction is

What is the oxidation number assigned to

Which of the following aqueous solutions is the

When an atom becomes a positive ion, the radius

One acid-base theory states that an acid is

(3) +3

(4) +4

electrons

electrons

electrons

loss of protons

(2) gain of protons

(SKIP) manganese in KMnO₄?

(SKIP) best conductor of electricity?

0.10 M CH₃OH

(2) 1.0 M CH₃OH

an H⁻donor

of the atom

decreases

increases

(3) remains the same

(2) an H⁻ acceptor

(SKIP) defined as the

(1) +7

(2) + 2

76. Which Lewis electron-dot diagram is correct for CO₂?

- Types of nuclear reactions include fission, fusion, and
 - single replacement
 - (2) neutralization
 - (3) oxidation-reduction
 - (4) transmutation
- 78. Which structural formula is correct for (SKIP) 2-methyl-3-pentanol?

- 79. The amount of energy released from a fission reaction is much greater than the energy released from a chemical reaction because in a fission reaction
 - (1) mass is converted into energy
 - (2) energy is converted into mass
 - (3) ionic bonds are broken
 - (4) covalent bonds are broken
- 80. Compared to the freezing point of 1.0 M KCl(aq) (SKIP) at standard pressure, the freezing point of 1.0 M CaCl₉(aq) at standard pressure is
 - lower
 - (2) higher
 - (3) the same
 - 81. Elements Q, X, and Z are in the same group on the Periodic Table and are listed in order of increasing atomic number. The melting point of element Q is -219°C and the melting point of element Z is -7°C. Which temperature is closest to the melting point of element X?
 - (1) −7°C
- (3) -219°C
- (2) -101°C
- (4) -226°C
- 82. Given the balanced equation:

$$2KClO_3 \rightarrow 2KCl + 3O_2$$

Which type of reaction is represented by this equation?

- (1) synthesis
- (2) decomposition
- (3) single replacement
- (4) double replacement
- 83. A solid substance was tested in the laboratory. The test results are listed below.
 - dissolves in water
 - is an electrolyte
 - melts at a high temperature

Based on these results, the solid substance could be

(1) Cu

- (2) C
- (2) CuBr_o
- (4) C_eH₁₀O_e

84. Given the balanced equation:

$$4\text{Fe}(s) + 3O_{0}(g) \rightarrow 2\text{Fe}_{0}O_{3}(s) + 1640 \text{ kJ}$$

Which phrase best describes this reaction?

- endothermic with ΔH = +1640 kJ
- (2) endothermic with $\Delta H = -1640 \text{ kJ}$
- (3) exothermic with ΔH = +1640 kJ
- (4) exothermic with ΔH = −1640 kJ

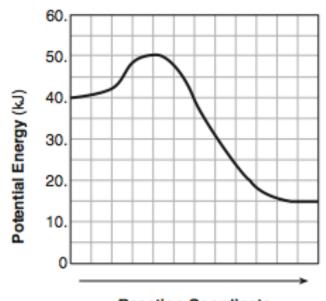
85. Given the incomplete equation for the combustion of ethane:

$$2C_2H_6 + 7O_2 \rightarrow 4CO_2 + 6$$

What is the formula of the missing product?

- (1) CH₃OH
- (3) H₂O
- (2) HCOOH
- (4) H₂O₂

86. Given the potential energy diagram for a chemical reaction:



Reaction Coordinate

Which statement correctly describes the energy changes that occur in the forward reaction?

- The activation energy is 10. kJ and the reaction is endothermic.
- (2) The activation energy is 10. kJ and the reaction is exothermic.
- (3) The activation energy is 50. kJ and the reaction is endothermic.
- (4) The activation energy is 50. kJ and the reaction is exothermic.

- 87. Which formula represents an unsaturated (SKIP) hydrocarbon?
 - (1) CH_oCHCl
- (3) CH₃CH₂CH₃
- (2) CH₃CH₂Cl
- (4) CH₃CHCH₂
- 88. How many milliliters of 0.100 M NaOH(aq) would be needed to completely neutralize 50.0 milliliters of 0.300 M HCl(aq)?
 - (1) 16.7 mL
- (3) 150. mL
- (2) 50.0 mL
- (4) 300. mL
- 89. Given the nuclear equation:

$${}_{1}^{1}H + X \rightarrow {}_{3}^{6}Li + {}_{2}^{4}He$$

The particle represented by X is

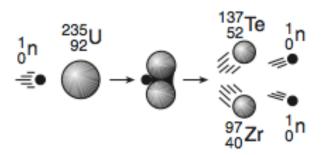
(1) ⁹Li

(3) 10 Be

(2) ⁹₄Be

- (4) 10₆C
- 90. Which two substances are covalent compounds?
 - C₆H₁₂O₆(s) and KI(s)
 - (2) C₆H₁₂O₆(s) and HCl(g)
 - (3) KI(s) and NaCl(s)
 - (4) NaCl(s) and HCl(g)

91. Given the diagram representing a reaction:



Which phrase best describes this type of reaction and the overall energy change that occurs?

- (1) nuclear, and energy is released
- (2) nuclear, and energy is absorbed
- (3) chemical, and energy is released
- (4) chemical, and energy is absorbed

 The balanced equation below represents a molecule of bromine separating into two bromine atoms.

$$Br_2 \rightarrow Br + Br$$

What occurs during this change?

- (1) Energy is absorbed and a bond is formed.
- (2) Energy is absorbed and a bond is broken.
- (3) Energy is released and a bond is formed.
- (4) Energy is released and a bond is broken.

93. In which reaction are electrons transferred from (SKIP) one reactant to another reactant?

- (1) $2Ca(s) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CaO(s)$
- (2) $AgNO_3(aq) + KCl(aq) \rightarrow$ $AgCl(s) + KNO_3(aq)$
- (3) HCl(aq) + NaOH(aq) → NaCl(aq) + H₂O(ℓ)
- (4) $H_3O^+(aq) + OH^-(aq) \rightarrow 2H_2O(\ell)$

94. Which compound has hydrogen bonding between its molecules?

CH₄

- (3) KH
- (2) CaH_o
- (4) NH₂

95. Which ion is the only negative ion produced by an Arrhenius base in water?

- (1) NO₃
- (3) OH-

(2) Cl-

(4) H-

96. Which Lewis electron-dot diagram correctly represents a hydroxide ion?

97. At which temperature would atoms of a He(g) sample have the greatest average kinetic energy?

- 25°C
- (3) 273 K
- (2) 37°C
- (4) 298 K

98. Given the system at equilibrium:

$$2POCl_3(g) + energy \rightleftharpoons 2PCl_3(g) + O_2(g)$$

Which changes occur when $O_2(g)$ is added to this system?

- The equilibrium shifts to the right and the concentration of PCl₃(g) increases.
- (2) The equilibrium shifts to the right and the concentration of PCl₃(g) decreases.
- (3) The equilibrium shifts to the left and the concentration of PCl₃(g) increases.
- (4) The equilibrium shifts to the left and the concentration of PCl₃(g) decreases.

99. What is the oxidation number of chromium in (SKIP) the chromate ion, CrO₄²⁻?

(1) +6

(3) +3

(2) + 2

(4) + 8

100. In which 0.01 M solution is phenolphthalein pink?

- (1) CH₃OH(aq)
- (3) CH₃COOH(aq)
- (2) Ca(OH)2(aq)
- (4) HNO₃(aq)

Q	Ans	Test	#	(-) - 5	Q	Ans	Test	#
1	D	Jan. 03	17		36	A	Jan. 04	40
2	A	Jan. 03	10		37	c	Jan. 05	41
3	В	Jan. 03	14		38	A	Jan. 05	25
4	В		13			A		27
	C	Jan. 03	5		39 40	A	Jan. 05	30
5		Jan. 03					Jan. 05	
6	В	Jan. 03	12		41	С	Jan. 05	29
7	D	Jan. 03	18		42	В	Jan. 05	17
8	A	Jan. 03	19		43	D	Jan. 05	8
9	A	Jan. 03	23		44	D	Jan. 05	19
10	A	Jan. 03	25		45	С	Jan. 05	20
11	A	Jan. 03	3		46	D	Jan. 05	21
12	A	Jan. 03	32		47	D	Jan. 05	22
13	D	Jan. 03	33		48	Α	Jan. 05	23
14	В	Jan. 03	44		49	Α	Jan. 05	28
15	Α	Jan. 03	38		50	Α	Jan. 05	24
16	В	Jan. 03	41		51	D	Jan. 05	10
17	D	Jan. 03	39		52	D	Jan. 05	50
18	В	Jan. 03	28		53	Α	Jan. 05	43
19	D	Jan. 03	4		54	С	Jan. 05	42
20	D	Jan. 03	27		55	D	Jan. 05	46
21	В	Jan. 03	49		56	Α	Jan. 05	33
22	D	Jan. 03	50		57	С	Jan. 05	40
23	D	Jan. 03	40		58	Α	Jan. 05	47
24	В	Jan. 03	47		59	С	Jan. 05	45
25	В	Jan. 04	45		60	Α	Jan. 05	11
26	D	Jan. 04	23		61	D	Jan. 05	12
27	Α	Jan. 04	25		62	С	Jan. 06	1
28	В	Jan. 04	26		63	В	Jan. 06	2
29	В	Jan. 04	44		64	Α	Jan. 06	7
30	D	Jan. 04	10		65	D	Jan. 06	10
31	С	Jan. 04	17		66	С	Jan. 06	12
32	С	Jan. 04	19		67	С	Jan. 06	16
33	Α	Jan. 04	20		68	С	Jan. 06	17
34	D	Jan. 04	21		69	В	Jan. 06	18
35	D	Jan. 04	28		70	В	Jan. 06	19

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Q	Ans	Test	#
71	D	Jan. 06	20
72	Α	Jan. 06	21
73	D	Jan. 06	22
74	С	Jan. 06	23
75	Α	Jan. 06	29
76	С	Jan. 06	26
77	D	Jan. 06	27
78	В	Jan. 06	28
79	Α	Jan. 06	25
80	Α	Jan. 06	30
81	В	Jan. 06	35
82	В	Jan. 06	37
83	В	Jan. 06	38
84	D	Jan. 06	40
85	С	Jan. 06	42
86	В	Jan. 06	43
87	D	Jan. 06	45
88	С	Jan. 06	48
89	В	Jan. 06	49
90	В	Jan. 07	12
91	A	Jan. 07	
92	В	Jan. 07	16
93	A	Jan. 07	20
94	D	Jan. 07	29
95	C	Jan. 07	30
96	A	Jan. 07	37
97	В	Jan. 07	39
98	D	Jan. 07	44
99	A	Jan. 07	45
	В	Jan. 07	47
100		Jan. U/	41